

AQUAMIX 289

Version Number 1.8 Revision Date 04/21/2016

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

AQUAMIX 289

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier **AQUAMIX 289**

Chemical name Mixture Mixture **CAS** number Other means of identification FO00008386 **Product type** liquid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use Industrial applications. Plastics.

POLYONE CORPORATION Supplier's details

1675 Navarre Road SW, Massillon,

Ohio USA 44646

1 330 837 8679

Emergency telephone number

(with hours of operation)

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or

accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or

mixture

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

GHS label elements



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Hazard pictograms

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Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : Causes serious eye irritation.

Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary statements

General : Not applicable.

Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety

precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Wash hands

thoroughly after handling.

Response : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse

cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get

medical attention.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements : None known. **Hazards not otherwise classified** : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture:MixtureChemical name:MixtureOther means of identification:FO00008386

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Phenol, 4-methyl-, reaction products with dicyclopentadiene and isobutylene	10 - 25	68610-51-5
Oleic acid	1 - 3	112-80-1
Triethanolamine	1 - 3	102-71-6



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Diethanolamine	0.1 - 0.3	111-42-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable Inhalation for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated Skin contact clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.



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Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms

may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under

medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media : In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO₂.

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the

chemical

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container

may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide



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carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides

Special protective actions for firefighters Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with

water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach

release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the

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same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Oleic acid	



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Phenol, 4-methyl-, reaction products with dicyclopentadiene and isobutylene	
Triethanolamine	ACGIH TLV (1994-09-01) TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 5 mg/m3
Diethanolamine	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 15 mg/m3 3 ppm NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 15 mg/m3 3 ppm ACGIH TLV (2008-11-24) TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time weighted average PEL: Permissible Exposure Level 1 mg/m3 Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor
Appropriate engineering controls :	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any

keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products



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if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves

cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based

on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures

should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this

product.

Respiratory protection Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying

with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits

of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state liquid [liquid] Color NO PIGMENT Odor Not available. **Odor threshold** Not available. pН Not available. Not available. **Melting point Boiling point** Not available. Flash point Not available. **Burning time** Not available. **Burning rate** Not available. **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Lower and upper explosive Lower: Not available. (flammable) limits **Upper:** Not available.

Not available. Vapor pressure Vapor density Not available. **Relative density** Not available. **Solubility** Not available. Solubility in water Not available. Partition coefficient: n-Not available.

octanol/water



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Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.Decomposition temperature: Not available.SADT: Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: Not available.

Kinematic: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see

Section 7).

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will

not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.

Incompatible materials : Keep away from strong acids.

Oxidizer.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition

products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
Phenol, 4-methyl-, reaction products with dicyclopentadiene and isobutylene					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	16,000 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5,010 mg/kg	-	
Oleic acid					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	25,000 mg/kg	-	
Triethanolamine					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7,390 mg/kg	-	
Diethanolamine					

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture. Not fully tested.

Irritation/Corrosion

	Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
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Phenol, 4-methyl-, reaction products with dicyclopentadiene and isobutylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit		-
Oleic acid	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit		-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	72 hrs	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		-
Triethanolamine	Skin - Severe irritant	Mouse		-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	72 hrs	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	24 hrs	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit		-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit		-
Diethanolamine	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	24 hrs	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit		-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	24 hrs	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Eyes: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Carcinogenicity



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Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Classification

Product/ingredient	OSHA	IARC	NTP
name			
Triethanolamine		3	
Diethanolamine		2B	

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of : Not available.

exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure



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Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and

level of exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Oleic acid			
	Acute LC50 205,000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
Triethanolamine			
	Acute LC50 11,800,000 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute EC50 609.98 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Crustaceans	
	Acute EC50 609.98 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h

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	water	Crustaceans	
	Chronic NOEC 16,000 µg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	21 d
	water	Daphnia	
	Chronic NOEC 16 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	21 d
	water	Daphnia	
Diethanolamine	•	<u> </u>	•
	Acute LC50 1,480,000 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 1,370,000 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 775 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fish	96 h
	Acute LC50 1,550,000 μg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 1,400 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Fish	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 55,000 µg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Daphnia	
	Acute LC50 77,500 µg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Daphnia	
	Acute LC50 109,000 µg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Daphnia	
	Acute LC50 2,640 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Daphnia	
	Acute LC50 2,150 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
		Daphnia	
	Acute EC50 72.92 mg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 30,100 μg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 31,000 µg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 30,400 µg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Crustaceans	
	Acute LC50 28,800 μg/l Fresh	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h
	water	Crustaceans	
	Acute EC50 12 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Algae	96 h
	Acute EC50 103,000 µg/l Marine	Aquatic plants - Algae	96 h
	water		

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.



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Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Oleic acid	7.73	-	high
Triethanolamine	-1	3.90	low
Diethanolamine	-1.43	-	low

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

Other adverse effects : No k

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

U.S. DOT Classification : Not regulated for transportation.

ICAO/IATA : Consult mode specific transport rules

IMO/IMDG (maritime) : Consult mode specific transport rules

Section 15. Regulatory information



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U.S. Federal regulations

United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None of the components are listed.

United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not

listed

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not

determined

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report

(PAIR): Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR):

Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed

United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority

pollutants: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -

Hazardous substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed

United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical:

Listed Triethanolamine

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)

Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I

Substances

Not listed

Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II

Substances

Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor

Chemicals)

Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential

Not listed

Chemicals)



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US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

SARA 311/312

Classification: Immediate (acute) health hazard

Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Phenol, 4-methyl-, reaction products with dicyclopentadiene and isobutylene	10 - 25	АН
Oleic acid	1 - 3	AH
Triethanolamine	1 - 3	АН
Diethanolamine	0.1 - 0.3	АН, СН

SARA 313

Not applicable.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed:

Triethanolamine

New York : The following components are listed:

Diethanolamine

New Jersey : The following components are listed:

Triethanolamine Diethanolamine

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed:

Diethanolamine

Oleic acid

Triethanolamine

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.



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International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

EINECS: Not determined.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

Korea inventory: Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule I Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule II Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule III Chemicals

Not listed

Not listed

Listed

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of printing: 04/22/2016Date of issue/Date of revision: 04/21/2016Date of previous issue: 04/08/2016

Version : 1.8

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine

pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the



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sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.